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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.—The prettiest thing, the "sweetest thing," and the most of it for the least money. It over comes the odor of perspiration; softens and adds delicacy to the skin; is a delightful perfume; allays headache and inflammation, and is a necessary companion in the sick-room, in the nursery, and upon the toilet sideboard. It can be obtained everywhere at one dollar per bottle.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

B. T.—1860.—X.—The amount of Plantation Bitters sold in one year is something startling. They would fill Broadway six feet high, from the Park to 4th street.—Drake's manufactory is one of the institutions of N. York. It is said that Drake painted all the rocks in the eastern States with his calcilistic "B.T.—1860.—X," and then got the old granny legislators to pass a law "preventing disfiguring the face of nature," which gives him a monopoly We do not know how this is, but we do know the Plantation Bitters sell as no other article ever did. They are used by all classes of the community, and are death on Dyspepsia—certain. They are very invigorating when languid and weak, and a great appetizer.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

"In lifting the kettle from the fire I scalded myself very severely—one hand almost to a crisp. The torture was unbearable. * * * The Mexican Mustang Liniment relieved the pain almost immediately. It heals rapidly, and left very little scar.

CHAS. FOSTER, 420 Broad st., Philada."

This is merely a sample of what the Mustang Liniment will do. It is invaluable in all cases of wounds, swellings, sprains, cuts, bruises, spavins, etc., either upon man or beast.

Beware of counterfeits. None is genuine unless wrapped in fine steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the *private* stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co., New York.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

All who value a beautiful head of hair, and its preservation from premature baldness and turning gray, will not fail to use Lyon's celebrated Kathairon. It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy, eradicates dandruff, and causes the hair to grow with luxuriant beauty. It is sold everywhere. B. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

WHAT DID IT?—A young lady, returning to her country home after a sojourn of a few months in New York, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a rustic, flushed face, she had a soft, ruby complexion, of almost marble smoothness; and instead of 22, she really appeared but 17. She told them plainly she used Hagan's Magnolia Balm, and would not be without it. Any lady can improve her personal appearance very much by using this article. It can be ordered of any Druggist for only 50 cents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Heimstreet's Inimitable Hair Coloring has been steadily growing in favor for over twenty years. It acts upon the absorbents at the roots of the hair, and changes it to its original color by degrees. All instantaneous dyes deaden and injure the hair. Heimstreet's is not a dye, but is certain in its results, promotes its growth, and is a beautiful Hair Dressing. Price 50 cents and $1,00. Sold by all dealers.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion. Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, &c., where a warming, genial stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere at 50 cents per bottle.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

july11, 1866-eowly

☞All the above articles for sale by S. S. SMITH, Huntingdon, Penna.

PROF. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞ Toothache in one minute.
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all these complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label.

I do not propose to cure every disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, appliable, to the cure or natural restorative of, all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use. J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

DANDELION PILLS,

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE

WORM DESTROYER!

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.

☞Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa,

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS
At CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS,
of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS,
Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels, &c., &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1866. NO. 20.

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the best style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SHE HATH FALLEN.

On her chain of life is rust,
On her spirit's wing is dust;
She hath let the spoiler in—
She hath mated with her sin—
She hath opened wide the door;
Crime has passed the threshold o'er-
Wherefore has she gone astray?
Stood Temptation in her way?
With its eyes so glittering bright—
Clothed in angel robes of light.

Oh! her story soon is told,
Once a lamb within the fold,
Stranger voices lured her thence,
In her trusting innocence.
Woe! she had not strength to keep
With the Shepherd of the sheep;
For the fleece so spotless white
Then became the hue of night,
And she stood, in her despair,
Bleating for the Shepherd's care.

Woe! that none might lead her back
From the bloodhound on her track.
Hunger prowled about her path
With a wild hyena wrath,
Scorn came leaping from its lair
With a defiant growl and stare;
And she grappled, all in vain,
With the fangs of want and pain,
Hope and mercy shut the gate
On this heart so desolate.

So she turned again to sin,
What had she to lose or win?
Resting on her life a stain
Deeper than the brand of Cain.
Heard she not a pitying tone,
Weeping in her shame alone?
Was there not a human heart
In her anguish bore a part?
None to hold a beacon light
Up before her darken'd sight?

No; the altar was not there,
For a canting priesthood's prayer.
"She hath fallen! Let her die"—
Said the Levite, passing by;
So she turned again to sin,
What had she to lose or win?
Sisters! there is work to do—
Field of labor here for you,
Ye who pour the wine and oil,
Up, and rest not from your toil.

Till the bruised and wounded heart,
Aching from the Tempter's dart,
Sore and weary with its pain,
Shall be bound and healed again—
Till, no more defiled by sin,
Like the pardoned Magdalen,
Kneeling in repentance sweet,
She may wash the Savior's feet
With her tears—that while they roll,
Blot the sin stain from her soul—
Do ye ask for your reward?
"They are blest who serve the Lord."

CHINESE MERCHANT'S GRATITUDE.—A merchant resided many years, highly respected, at Canton and Macao, when a sudden reverse of fortune reduced him from a state of affluence to the greatest necessity.

A Chinese merchant, to whom he had formerly rendered service, gratefully offered him an immediate loan of ten thousand dollars, which the gentleman accepted, and gave his bond for the amount; this the Chinese immediately threw into the fire, saying, "When you, my friend, first came to China, I was a poor man. You took me by the hand, and, assisting my honest endeavors, made me rich. Our circumstances are now reversed—I see you poor, while I have affluence."

The bystanders had snatched the bond from the flames; the merchant, sonsibly affected by such generosity, pressed his Chinese friend to take the security, which he did and then effectually destroyed it.

But the disciple of Confucius, observing the renewed distress this act occasioned the merchant, said he would accept the latter's watch, or any little valuable as a memorial of their friendship. The merchant immediately presented his watch, and the Chinese, in return, give him an old iron seal, saying: "Take this seal, it is one I have long used, and possesses no intrinsic value; but as you are going to India, to look after your outstanding concerns, should misfortune further attend you draw upon me for any sum of money you may stand in need of, seal it with this signet, sign it with your own hand and I will pay the money."

Did You Ever See

A regiment that wasn't the best in the service?

A captured battery that hadn't fired its last round of ammunition before it was taken?

A regiment, brigade or division that was not the very last to leave the field when a retreat was ordered?

A regiment, brigade, or division, battery or company that didn't lose more in each battle than any other regiment, brigade, division, battery or company?

A brigade, division or corps that hadn't the best commander in the service?

A division that didn't save the army from annihilation?

A line officer that didn't deserve to be, at least, a Brigadier General?

A regular that didn't go farther on a charge, kill more of the enemy, and capture more flags than any other?

☞"Is anybody waiting on you?" said a polite dry goods clerk to a girl from the country.

"Yes, sir," said the blushing damsel, "that is my fellow outside; he won't come in."

WHY is a washerwoman the most cruel person in the world? Because she daily wrings men's bosoms.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

[Under this head we give opinions of leading journals, that our readers may see more than one side of a question.]

The South---Its Industry, Its Business and Its Prospects.

[From the New York Times.]

Whatever be the misconceptions which prevail throughout the South concerning its political relations and interests, on the general question of material interest, there would seem to be ground for complete agreement. Financially and industrially bankrupt, its old labor system suddenly overturned, its vision of independent prosperity collapsed, the people might be expected to realize the necessity of vigorous effort to escape from the ruin that surrounds them. Their journals, formerly foremost in partizan discussion, now proclaim the first duty of man to be the cultivation of the soil, the introduction of a greater diversity of crops, and the organization of an industry to which they have hitherto been strangers. Especially is the need of imported help admitted. Northern capital is prayed for, that the recuperative process may be accelerated.—Northern men are invited, that lands now valueless may be made marketable and productive. Northern enterprise is called upon to extend its ramification southward that home wants may be supplied, and places now desolate may become scenes of thrifty labor.—Of all these points the more influential of our Southern cotemporaries have for months past evinced a keen and withal a sensible appreciation. And we have been inclined to accept the tone that has been cultivated as an assurance that the South thoroughly comprehended its wants, and would be prepared to turn to good account every available means of help.

Thus far, we fear, these expectations have not been fulfilled. In the easily managed matter of immigration, literally nothing has been done. At this moment the avenues of travel to the Western States are choked with families in search of new homes. The human stream never ran that way in greater volume or with greater velocity than now. Minnesota reports more new-comers than in any other season. From Iowa we hear of crowds of settlers in all the more sparsely-peopled counties. Missouri and Kansas are receiving daily large accessions to their population. The land sales in Wisconsin tell of a similar state of things there. Indeed, everywhere throughout the West the tide of settlement flows with a steadiness that knows no ebb. Doubtless a very large proportion is furnished by the population of older States. Immigration, however, supplies its full quota; not only swelling the immediate amount of settlement, but multiplying the sources of future growth.

And all this time what is the South doing or acquiring? What State in that section can truthfully tell of a well-considered plan for drawing immigrants thither? Which of the number can report accessions of foreigners or of new comers of any class? So far as we know, not one. Speculative companies exist in this City, and elsewhere in the North, having for their object the introduction of immigrants with a view to profit through the sale of land; and now and then we read of twenty or thirty strangers who have gone South, to farm, under the auspices of one or another of these organizations. Apart from these movements, nothing is being done. Certainly nothing by the authorities or the people of the States most deeply interested in the subject. Of this there is ample testimony. The New Orleans *Picayune* the other day commented upon the fact that five hundred German immigrants who had arrived there, and whose continuance in that State might have been easily secured, had passed up the river to St. Louis without an effort being made to retain them. The labor system of the State is confessedly disorganized. White labor is urgently required. Yet Louisiana neither attempts to draw thither emigrants nor uses its opportunities to influence the choice of emigrants who touch there in the ordinary way. And as it is with Louisiana so it is with Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, the Carolinas and Virginia. Not one vigorous effort has been made by any of them to acquire a share of that stream of immigration which is with almost incredible rapidity filling and enriching the more remote and, in many respects, less attractive States of the West.

The comparatively small accessions which the South has received since the war, have been nearly altogether derived from our own population. Our traders and farmers have contributed a per centage that might be vastly increased were the conditions favorable. Our merchants have crammed Southern stores on credit. Many of our traders have gone to Southern cities with large stocks, and the go-ahead spirit of Northern enterprise. Adventurous operators have entered extensively into lumbering, milling, and a a dozen other businesses, profitable in themselves and beneficial to the localities in which they are carried on.—Small bodies of agriculturists have gone into Virginia, especially into the counties adjacent to Washington, and their dexterous industry has already shown how much might be done in the line of improvement. Had these persons been able to report favorably of their reception, of their intercourse with the Southern people, and of the prospect in respect of comfort and prosperity, they would have been quickly followed by tens of thousands, who now look to the West for fields of future labor. But the reports have not been favorable. They have on the contrary, been calculated to dishearten and disgust. We have striven to cultivate a different opinion. We have cherished a hope that the unfavorable representations which from time to time found their way into print related to exceptional cases, and would be counteracted when the whole truth came to light. But the evidence is unfortunately conclusive the other way.

There is no longer reason to doubt that, as a rule, the Northerners who have gone South to trade, to grow cotton, or to farm, have encountered a reception the reverse of friendly.—There are localities, of course, where courtesy and kindness have been displayed. Generally speaking, however, there has not been kindness, or courtesy, or fair play, or even adequate protection to life and property. Northern men are compelled to abandon plantations to escape assassination, to quit farms they have purchased, and to throw up businesses to get rid of annoyance and avoid threatened injury. The prevailing Southern opinion is adverse to them. They are treated as intruders—often as enemies. If they sell goods they are unable to collect payment for them, not merely because of poverty, but because of the ruling disposition to cheat and despoil the accursed Yankee.

Upon this latter point, a discussion which is in progress in Georgia newspapers, in common with those of other States, is unpleasantly suggestive.—Devices to stay the summary collection of debts albeit unjust, may not be wholly incompatible with ultimate honesty. But when suggestions are promulgated and sanctioned looking to the repudiation of debts incurred anterior to the war, and the creation of obstacles in the path of Northern creditors who have generously granted business accommodation since the war, the case assumes a different and much more discreditable aspect.

For the sake of the South, and altogether irrespective of political considerations, this state of things is to be deplored. It indicates so complete a lack of common prudence and common sense as to be almost incomprehensible to those who look at the subject from a national point of view.

The South is terribly in need of capital and labor. With resources excelling those of any other region of the globe, it is poor even unto beggary.—The family estates of distinguished Virginians are advertised for sale, with but a small chance of realizing the value which their division into small farms would produce. The rich cotton lands of Mississippi sell at less than one-third the price they commanded before the rebellion. In Alabama improved real estate is disposed of with difficulty at rates that can hardly be called nominal. And yet nothing is done by the Southern people to extricate themselves from their distressed condition. They require large additions to their numbers, and they take the best possible method to render these additions impossible. They want money and enterprise, and they pursue a course which will assuredly repel both. To this extent, then, the gloom which overhangs their prospects is attributable entirely to themselves.

Negro Labor in the South.

We are informed by an observer who has had extensive opportunities for surveying the condition and prosperity of negro labor in the Southern States, that it would be a very liberal estimate to say that the blacks performed *one-half* as much labor as they formerly did when in slavery. Their former habits (enforced habits, it is true,) of steady and continuous work, have, to a large extent, given place to indolence, and employers find it difficult to rely upon them in those planting operations where formerly their industry was so effective. In some places the condition of things is exceedingly bad, and planters feel utterly discouraged. The question of compensating the blacks has been one of the hardest of settlement. Owing to the want of money last spring, a great proportion of the planters agreed to give the negroes a share in the crop; but this mode is found to have led to endless confusion and trouble, beside producing discontent on all hands; and the plan will be generally abolished hereafter, and that of weekly or monthly wages in actual money substituted. There are many grave and threatening difficulties connected with this negro question in the South, and those who think they can all be solved by simply giving the black population the privilege of voting, will yet find themselves greatly mistaken.—*N. Y. Times.*

A LITTLE TOO COMMON.—A plain spoken Western preacher delivered the following from his desk: "I would announce to the congregation that, probably by mistake, there was left at this meeting-house this morning a small cotton umbrella, much damaged by time and tear, and of exceeding pale-blue color, in the place whereof was taken a very large black silk umbrella, and of great beauty. Blunders of this sort, brethren and sisters, are getting a little too common."

☞A friend says he's either head over heels in love or else he's got the colic—he can't tell which, as he is not certain which he tasted last, kisses or watermelons.

☞A correspondent says: "There are many things about Spiritualism which I eagerly embrace—chief among which are mediums.

Loyalty—calling the President a traitor, and holding office under his administration.

The bone of contention—Sambo's shin.

Beautiful Women.

"How much handsomer the women East are than they used to be," said an unsophisticated friend the other day, fresh from the wilds of the great Western country, where the latest fashions had not yet penetrated.

"I don't know how it is, but I had an impression, that in New York city especially, the men, as a rule, were finer looking than the women; but it does not strike me so now. On the contrary, all women seem to be beautiful; it is the men who are gaunt and wretched looking, by comparison."

Very true. Do you know the reason why? I will tell you. It is the fashion now for women to be handsome, and for men to have the dyspepsia. You see the result—the women *are* handsome, the men all have the dyspepsia.

Why should not women be handsome, and of what use are natural gifts. When you can buy masses of beautiful hair at so much per pound, a complexion to match at a dollar a package, and a form superior in nearly every respect to the original article, at any dressmaker's?

"You don't mean to say that all that hair is bought?"

I don't mean to say anything about it. I only ask you to look at all the hairdressers' windows, and judge for yourself whether every women can possibly own the mountain of hair which she piles on the back of her head.

"It is immense, to be sure; but I tell you it's 'stunning;' it would make a man feel proud to own a piece of property like that."

It is not necessary to record my indignat reply. I simply desire to give an illustration of the prevalent opinion among men, that women were never so handsome as they are now.

Unquestionably, women never looked better than they do now; there is a wonderful harmony between their splendid hair, their rich complexions, false or true, and the beauty of color and stylish elegance of the present mode of dress.

It is to be hoped they will continue it long enough to have all the best points reproduced in the next generation.

Oddly enough, the fair hair which has been the fashion for several years past, to such an extent as to induce many ladies to dye or bleach their hair, is now to be seen in profusion upon three fourths of the two and three year old babies, and very lovely it is.

Everything has its use, and perhaps this passion, which seemed so absurd, will bring us nearer to the true northern and celestial type of beauty.

To return to dress; let any one contrast the coquettish costumes of to-day with the short, straight skirts and poke bonnets of thirty or forty years ago, and the contrast will be immeasurably in our favor.

Young girls especially have a great advantage over their grandmothers and great grandmothers in their youth. The pretty toquet, the basquine, the trailed or looped up dress, constitues the prettiest and most becoming of all toilettes to young girls, provided always they are neat and pay due attention to cleanliness, and brightness of their hair, and the fit and finish of their gloves and botines.

Another charming fancy has taken possession of our belles this season, replacing the white hat in their affections. This is the white Angola cloth cloak. It is indeed delicious—wool, soft, fleecy, long and curly, the trimming consisting only of epaulets, made of white wool fringe, and large spar or pearl buttons. Even white camel have not sufficient delicacy to suit the freshness of these snowy garments.

White bonnets are not adapted to these cloaks, they present too much the appearance of a bridal; but the white toquet, with a band of blue velvet, and short tuft of curled white ostrich feathers, suits it exactly, affording the relief of color, without any sacrifice of harmony, and interposing the mass of curls, or bands of shining gold or brown, between the white of the cloak and the rim of the hat.

It must be confessed, however, that white cloaks are an expensive luxury. They soil soon, and they require an exquisite toilette to correspond with them. It is not necessary, however, to wear them on all occasions, and they are not more costly than white furs and other things which are thought necessary to a lady's complete ward robe.

A PRAYER.—One of the most estimable of men some years ago died and left a wife and several children. Among the latter was a boy of eight or ten years, who was the very personification of mischief. His mother finding she could not control him, put him in charge of a reverend gentleman of the neighborhood, who made it a rule, whenever the boy committed a fault which required correction, to give him a taste of the rod, and then make him get on his knees and ask God to forgive the sin committed and bless his corrector. The boy proved to be too much for the reverend to manage. He was then placed in charge of a very excellent lady, who was distinguished for a long and pointed nose. Shortly after she took him in charge she was obliged to give him a flogging. As soon as it was through she was surprised to see him drop on his knees, and perhaps more surprised to hear him pray to be forgiven for what he had done—and "bless Mrs. J., and lengthen out her days as long as her nose, only not quite so sharp!"

☞The winning post to the race of life is a slab of white or grey stone, standing out from that turf where there is no more jockeying.

Chemistry of the Atmosphere.

A divine arranger must have spread out the thin, filmy curtain of the sky, like that thin film of water, the blue soap bubble, which, like the atmosphere, reflects and decomposes the light reflected on its surface. As with light, so also the atmosphere is the conductor of sound. Professor Cooke says:

"Every one who has dropped a stone into the water of a still lake has noticed the system of waves which, with its ever-increasing circles, spreads in every direction from the stone; but all may not know that when two stones are struck together in the air a similar system of aerial waves spread, in ever-widening spheres, through the atmosphere, and that it is the waves breaking on the tympanum of our ears, like the waves of water on a sand-beach, which produce the sensation which we call sound. Two stones thus struck together give rise to waves of unequal size, following one another at irregular intervals; and such waves produce an unpleasant sensation on our auditory nerves which we call noise. But if, instead of striking together two stones, we set in vibration the string of a piano-forte or the reed of an organic pipe, we excite a system of waves, all of equal size, and succeeding one another with regularity, and these breaking on the ear produce by their regular beats what we call a musical note. If the waves follow one another with such rapidity that one hundred and twenty-eight break on the tympanum every second, the note has a fixed pitch called in music C natural. If the waves come faster than this, the pitch is lower. What you are all familiar with as the pitch of a musical note depends then, on the rapidity with which the waves of sound strike the ear, and may evidently be measured by the number of waves breaking on the tympanum in a second."

Science demonstrates that the difference between colors is of precisely the same kind as the difference between tones. Red, yellow, green, blue, violet, &c, are names we give to sensations caused by waves of other breaking at intervals on the retina, and color corresponds to pitch, and at every step as the whole scale of colors spreads out before us the analogy of light to sound becomes still more evident. And thus wonderful are the forces the atmosphere holds and the varieties of arrangement it displays, it modifies and diffuses heat, while it holds and dispenses the mysterious and astonishing agencies of electricity, just as the electrical machine is constantly rubbing together glass and silk; just as we rub a stick of sealing wax or a glass tube with a warm silk handkerchief, so the air is always rubbing over the face of the earth with greater or less rapidity. Nature seems to be a great electrical machine. As man guards his roof from the destructive action of lightning—dashing to the earth, crashing, rending and burning on its way—by erecting the lighting rod, whose bristling points quietly drain the clouds, or, failing to do this, receive the charge and bear it harmless to the earth, so God has made a harmless conductor in every pointed leaf, every blade of grass. It is said that a common blade of grass, pointed with nature's exquisite workmanship, is three times as effectual as the finest cambric needle, and a single sprig is far more efficient than the metalic points of the best constructed rod.—What, then, must be the agency of a single forest in disarming the forces of the storms of their terrors—while the same Almighty hand has made raindrops and snow-flakes to be conductors, bridges for the lightning in the clouds, alike, it seems, proclaiming the mercy and majesty of the Almighty hand?—*Eclectic Review.*

HOW THE DAYS OF THE WEEK GOT THEIR NAMES.—The days of the week each sacred to a certain deity; Sunday and Monday to the sun and moon respectively; Tuesday has its name from Tuesca, whom the Saxons supposed to be supreme ruler; Wednesday, named after Woden, the god of war. Here is an explanation of one of Falstaff's questions concerning "honor." "Who hath it?" "He that died on a Wednesday"—that is, killed in battle, in the service of Woden. Thursday is from Thor, the god of thunder; Friday from Frigra, the deity supposed to preside over trade; and Saturday from Sactor, the god of liberty. From which last I suppose has descended the custom of observing that day as a holiday, and which I am thankful to say, is pretty duly kept by all who can afford the needful relaxation, with one remarkable execution, namely, those who follow the useful craft of shoemaking. It is well known that they favor Monday as their day of recreation, which custom is said to have its origin in the time of Oliver Cromwell The story is that one of his generals, named Munday, committed suicide. The Protector offered a reward for the most suitable epitaph commemorating the death of his friend. The successful competitor was a worthy son of Crispin, who carried off the palm by the following epigram:—

God bless the Lord Protector!
And cursed the worldly pelf;
Tuesday shall begin the week,
Since Monday's hanged himself.

☞An Irish girl at play on Sunday, was accosted by the priest, "Good morning, daughter of the devil."

She meekly replied "Good morning father."

☞A lady, speaking of the gathering of lawyers to dedicate a new court house, said she supposed they had gone "to view the ground where they must shortly *lie*."

Effects of Good Feed on Milch Cows.

Our cows give fully one third more butter this year than last, due solely to good feeding and warm quarters in the winter. They were cows I bought with the farm. They looked well, but proved to be poor milkers. They had been suffered to go dry about the 1st of November, under the impression that milking them in the winter would seriously injure them the common summer. And I have no doubt that there is considerable truth in this idea, provided the cows in the winter have nothing but cornstalks and straw and are not stabled. But if they are fed liberally, they may be milked, not only without injure, but with positive advantage. It favors the habit of secreting milk. Till within six weeks or two months of calving, a good cow, with plenty of rich food, can give four or five quarts of milk per day, and will still be able to secure milk enough for the calf. She will eat and assimilate more food, and will get the habit of secreting more milk. I believe there is no better way of restoring the milking qualities of cows that have degenerated from poor management. I give my cows three quarts each of corn meal a day, and an abundant supply of cornstalks and straw. Instead of letting them go dry in November, I kept them stabled in cold weather, and they gave more milk, or rather more butter, after we commenced to feed grain in November and December, than they did in August and September. I milked some of them till within six weeks of calving. This is perhaps too much—ten weeks would be better. The cows, after we stopped milking, fleshed up rapidly, and many were the predictions that the corn meal would spoil them for milk. But it did not. They give more milk than ever before, and it certainly is very much richer. The prospects now are that for the year commencing the 1st of last November till the 1st of next November, they will give as much again butter as they ever gave in a year before. So much for good feeding in winter. We weigh every pound of butter made, and feel confident that this opinion will prove correct. I have not yet fed meal this summer, but shall do so at the moment there is any indications of a falling off in butter. In fact, I should feed meal now if I had my buildings conveniently arranged for the purpose. I have not the slightest doubt that it would pay to give each cow two quarts of corn and pea meal a day. If twenty bushels of corn a year will double, or even add one-third to, the amount of butter and cheese made by a cow, it is easy to figure whether it is profitable or not. I do not say they will not eat as much grass and fodder as if they were not fed meal. The more food they will eat the bettter, provide it is turned into butter and cheese.—*Harris' Walks and Talks.*"

Remedy for Pip in Poultry.

In answer to an inquiry from a Wisconsin correspondent, for a cure of this disease, we copy the following from Mr. Bennet's "Poulterer's Companion:"

"This may be regarded as a token of derangement of the mucous membrance of the allimentary canal generally, and not as a local disease.

"Cause.—The disease is generally attributed to the want of water, or to bad water, such as the drainings of dung-hills, sinks, etc., which fowls will drink when they can get no other.

"Symptoms.—The occurrence of a dry, horny scale upon the tongue is generally rewarded as a characteristic of this disease, which, however, is by some confounded with gapes. We are quite assured that the dry, scaly tongue is only a sympton caused by some other disease, which forces the fowl (which habitually breathes through the nostrils) to respire through the mouth; in this case the current of air dries the tongue, which becomes hard at the point, and assumes a very horny character. Thus, in any inflammatory affection of the windpipe, in gapes, catarrh, or roup, when the nostrils are closed by the discharge, the 'pip, as it is termed, makes its appearance. It should be regarded, however, as a symptom only, and not as the disease itself. The beak becomes yellow at the base, the plumage becomes ruffled, the bird mopes and pines, the appetite gradually declines to extinction, and at last it dies, completely worn out by fever and starvation.

"Treatment.—The treatment varies with the cause. In all cases the mouth should be frequently moistened; and if the scale of hardened membrane is loose, it should be removed. The absurd plan of nipping off the end of the tongue in chickens is still practiced in some parts of the country; it is almost needless to say, that it is alike useless and barbarous.

"A cure may be effected by a low diet; that is, in the case of common fowls; by an allowance of fresh vegetable food, as onions or parsley chopped and mixed with potatoes and a little Indian or oatmeal, granting at the same time a plentiful supply of pure water. Give, also, a teaspoonful of castor oil or thereabouts, according to the age or strength of the fowl. Do not scrape the tongue, nor use rough modes of clearing it; but apply a little borax, dissolved in pure water, and tincture of myrrh, by means of a camel hair brush, two or three times a day.

"The following has been recommended: Give three times a day, for two or three days, a piece of garlic, the size of a pea; if garlic cannot be obtained, onion shallot, or chive will answer; and if neither of these be convenient, two grains of black pepper, to be given in fresh butter, may be substituted."

☞Have charity for all.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 14, 1866.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

"I know of no mode in which a patriot can so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

The State Elections.--Congress.

The results of elections in the several States last week give the Republicans complete control of Congress by more than a two-third vote. It will be useless therefore for the President to object to any measure Congress may agree upon. Whatever the character of a bill may be it can and most likely would be passed over his veto. Congress must take the responsibility of managing the affairs of our Government, and whatever errors one committed, Congress and not the President will be held responsible for. Of the eleven States that voted on Tuesday last, nine gave the following Republican majorities:

Massachusetts,	70,000
New York,	12,000
New Jersey,	3,000
Illinois,	40,000
Michigan,	30,000
Wisconsin,	18,000
Missouri,	20,000
Kansas,	10,000
Minnesota,	6,000

Maryland gave a Democratic or Conservative majority of 5000. Delaware gave 1000 majority in the same direction.

The Maryland election was held under the old board of election officers. The new Commissioners having been detained in jail until after the election, they did not succeed *in re* organizing new boards—still the election resulted in their favor.

A GLEAM OF SENSE.—There are journals in some of the Southern States that occasionally have lucid intervals, and we are inclined to think the ablest of them are published in New Orleans. The *Commercial* there, for instance, is doing its best to stop political agitation, and tells its readers, the South has enough to think about and do, for years to come, in rebuilding, on the new basis, its social fabric, which the war has so completely shattered. While indorsing the idea that "the prosperity and development of power in the country were the results of sixty years of Southern statesmanship," it makes this confession: "But we have made indifferent local statesmen, and, as politics was the medium of our ruin, let us try and get along without it." It further recommends those who followed Lee and Johnston in war to profit by their example in peace. "Keeping our eyes on these two leaders," it says, "and shutting our ears to the noisy demagogues who offend us with their incoherent and inflammatory words, we shall soon have a generation which will win back to the South a fortune greater than that she has lost." The North by giving an ear to such advice might also be greatly benefitted. If the North is ruined it will be because the people give complete control of their interests into the hands of desperate and unprincipled politicians. Everything must now bend to the will of the office seekers and the masses of people cannot see that they are as prosperous and happy as they were before the war when there was less political excitement.

☞We have said it, and we repeat, that until the bitter prejudices of the people and the ambition of the political leaders are effectually obliterated, we cannot have a united country and a harmonious people. We might as well have two kings as to have the two antagonistic political parties of the present day. No man is a true man who at this time seeks the perpetuation of his party for the gratification of personal ends, when his country is divided. If a man cannot check his ambition and endeavor to restore harmony, he had better stand back and leave the positions for men who would rather insure the general welfare than their own personal gains.

☞Texas and Georgia have refused to ratify the Constitutional Amendment. This merely indicates the sentiment of all the Southern States. The next grave question that presents itself for solution is, What will be done with them? Can they be *forced* to swallow bitter pills; in other words can they be *forced* to accept conditions which they do not like? If we know the spirit of the Southern people, and we only judge from the manifestations during the rebellion, we think we will have a more serious time than we anticipate. It is very difficult to teach a haughty people to be humble by using the rod and stubborn audacity.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—Already the more conservative Republican press are preaching moderation. They feel that the gross abuse of the President by many leading men of their party must injure the character of their country as well as their party.

A society favorable to the annexation of Canada to the United States has just been organized at Toronto.

The Baltimore Difficulty.

The Commissioners and the Sheriff appointed by Governor Swann were released from jail on Thursday morning on habeas corpus, and were taken before Court, where their cases were argued every day until Saturday evening, when it was expected the Judge would give his decision on Monday.

There were no disturbances in Baltimore of importance during the election. The presence of General Grant and the military, no doubt, had something to do in preserving order. Four of the five members of Congress are Conservatives or Democrats. The Legislature is anti-Radical and will elect Gov. Swann to the U. S. Senate.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Proclamation of Governor Curtin.

Twenty-ninth Day of November Appointed as a Day of Thanksgiving.

In the Name and by the Authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

ANDREW G. CURTIN,

GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, It hath been the good and worthy custom of the Commonwealth to set apart, annually, a day for the special acknowledgement of the goodness of the Almighty, and for expressing, by the whole people, at one time and with a common voice, the thanks and praise which throughout the year are springing from the hearts of men; therefore,

I, Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do, by this my proclamation, recommend that the good people of the Commonwealth observe Thursday, the 29th day of November next, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and do then assemble in their respective churches and places of worship, and make their humble thank offering to Almighty God for all His blessings during the past year.

For the abundant gathered fruits of the earth.

For the thus far continued activity of industry;

For the general preservation of health;

And especially for that, in His divine mercy, He hath stayed the threatened pestilence.

And, moreover, that they do beseech Him to continue unto us all His blessings, and to confirm the hearts of the people of these United States, that by the lawful force of their will, deeds of *good justice, wisdom, and mercy* may be done.

Given under my hand and the great *seal of the State*, at Harrisburg, this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty six, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-first.

By the Governor:—

ELI SLIFER,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

GEN. GEARY'S CABINET.—The Harrisburg correspondent of the Chambersburg *Repository* says:

"There is still much speculation as to Gen. Geary's cabinet. It is not probable that Mr. Meredith will want to continue in the Attorney General's office, and the name of Hon. John Scott, of Huntingdon, is now freely spoken of. He is one of the first lawyers of the State, and his unspotted integrity and untiring industry would make him a most acceptable and useful officer. Col. Jordon is also urged for one of the cabinet positions with some warmth by his friends."

The President and the Elections.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—A good deal of speculation is indulged in here as to the feelings and opinions of the President with regard to the result of the elections of Tuesday. Those who have visited Mr. Johnson this evening find him in very good spirits, and not at all disturbed by the political aspect. Many suppose that in view of the results of yesterday's voting the President has some intention of recommending the Southern Stacs to adopt the proposed amendment to the Constitution; but those who look for such action on the part of the Executive will be disappointed.

Mr. Johnson does not regard it as his duty to make any recommendation on this subject whatever. He will leave the matter in the hands of the Southern people, to be disposed of by them without interference or suggestion from him. If the constitutional number of States shall adopt the amendment, Mr. Johnson will bow to the will of the people thus lawfully expressed. Should the amendment fail, the President may suggest for adoption, the two amendments to the Constitution as to taxation and representation heretofore set forth in these despatches.—*New York Times.*

THE Republicans and Democrats will virtually maintain the relative positions in the next Congress that they did in the last, though whatever gains the late elections have afforded accrue to the former. During the fall there have been Representatives chosen in nineteen States, of whom one hundred and twenty-five are Radical men and thirty-seven Johnsonians and Democrats. This is the latest manifestation of public sentiment and feeling.

THE Washington *Republican* of Friday casts charges that Secretary Stanton withheld from the President an important dispatch from Gen. Baird, sent two days previous to the New Orleans riot, and alleges that if the President had received the dispatch the riot would not have occurred.

THE Radicals of Massachusetts at their late election elected two negros to seats in the Legislature. This is progressive Radicalism, and will be followed in other States as soon as the people can be educated to believe in political negro equality.

☞The Legislature of the State of Texas having, by a vote of seventy to five, rejected the Constitutional Amendment, has placed itself outside of argument on that question.

General Rosecrans has purchased 3,000 feet of mining territory in California.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

[Under this head we give opinions of leading journals, that our readers may see more than one side of a question.]

[From the Pittsburg Republic.]

The Nation's Peril.

There is much in the condition o our national affairs, at the present time, to excite the concern of every thoughtful friend of a Republican government. We have reached that point in our history, when the wisdom, prudence and sagacity of her purest and most enlightened statesmen will be called into requisition in order to conserved and perpetuate the institutions bequeathed to us by our fathers. A most terrible ordeal has been passed. The excitement, passion and acerbity of feeling incident to our oft-recurring elections have now given place to the peace and quiet which follow the storm and tempest. The result in the hotly contested canvass in the various States will not change the relative position of parties in the National Council. There are new men and fresh elements introduced; but whether they will control or modify the action of the former radical Congress remains for the future to disclose. The greatest peril of the nation is the extreme fealty to party. It would seem that partisan loyalty is paramount to every other consideration. The Constitution, the Union, the prosperity of the country, are held in light estimation by men who aspire to place and position, not for the good they may do, but for the plunder and emoluments which can be thus secured. It is to be hoped now that the elections are over, that moderation and wisdom will be allowed to assert their supremacy, so that the work of reconstructing the Union, on a constitutional basis, may be consummated; that peace, confraternity, and national unity may bless the land.

In a few weeks Congress will assemble. We would fondly hope that coming directly from the people, they will aim to legislate for the good of the whole country. A renewal of the factious opposition to President Johnson is to be deplored. There is no need of the re enactment of the follies of the last session. There is scope sufficient to employ all the wisdom and abilities of the members by devising measures of relief in calm deliberation and wholesome legislation. Let the past be forgotten, if not forgiven: Let a spirit of conciliation influence our Representatives, and joy and gladness will fill the land.

From the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.]

Now Let the Tempest Cease.

The fight is ended. The contest has been a bitter one. Each party has done its best to win. The people have decided in favor of Congress. Now let both parties accept the decision in good faith. Let all the acrimonious spirit of partisanship be laid aside Let us so act as becomes servants of the popular will. The good of the country demands this result. The continuation of excitement will only be productive of evil. The decision is final, irrevocable, and all further opposition is factious and unpatriotic. The New York *Times*, in a sensible editorial this morning, says:

"Now that the fall elections are over and the verdict of the people has been rendered upon the great issues of the hour, we trust that the acquiescence of all parties in the result, and the obliteration of all the acrimonious feeling engendered during the contest—which Europeans credit us with at the close of our political campaigns, will be even more complete than upon any previous occasion of like character. The canvass in some localities at least, has been exceedingly hot and angry, and in more than one part of the country, we have had threats of disturbance on a large scale. There has been a great deal of very violent language, and there have been very atrocious charges and counter charges, while partisans of the more ultra stamp have tried to rouse and inflame the baser feelings of the basest portions of the community. There is nothing now to be gained by continuing this sort of thing, so, for the time being, we shall have an end of it.

"A good many people, and not a few newspapers, will feel ashamed, or ought to feel ashamed, at the part they have played. While there is now opportunity for them to repent and perform penance, there will also be an opportunity for the allayment of those passions which they have attempted to work up.

"Intelligent foreign observers have frequently predicted the breaking down of popular institutions in this country, from the intense excitement induced and the deep passions aroused by our oft-recurring elections. There are certain characteristics of our recent elections that have a more dangerous and threatening appearance than anything in our previous experience. There have not only been threatenings of a resort of violence in many quarters, but actual preparations for it, not merely in Maryland, but in several of the Western States. Our escape from outbreaks has certainly been a narrow one, and must be attributed to the influence of that conservative good sense which has so often asserted itself in time of peril, and which has heretofore saved us from so many dangers. It is to that influence we must look for safety in the future, in times when passion threatens to overthrow reason."

[From the New York Times.]

Responsibility.

One thing to be steadily kept in view by the party which has been victorious in this election is *their responsibility for the good government of the country*. They do not stand in the position of an ordinary legislative majority. In all that appertains to national affairs, their will is supreme. They can override the votes of the Executive in nearly every one of the Northern States. They have equally shown their power in Congress to give effect to great measures of national concern, despite the President's constitutional right of dissent. They enjoy, to-day, and are likely to enjoy in the next Congress, a power of control over all that belongs to the government of the country, to which there is neither check nor limit, to say nothing of precedent. It is scarcely possible to measure the scope of the authority now vested in the Legislative branch of the Government. The temporary deposit of supreme power in that branch may be a necessity growing out of the insurrection; and regarded in that light, the exercise of such power will not be held to be intolerable by loyal men. But those who have the greatest dread of the dominance of sectionalism, let it come from what quarter it may, most sincerely pray that compromise ground may be speedily founds so that the function of government may be performed as they were before the insurrectionary epoch, and that each department of the Administration may repossess its constitutional force.

Until that result is obtained, there surely rests upon the Legislative majorities in the States recently heard from a heavy responsibility to use their power with the utmost discretion. He must be a very confident man who will affirm that the anxieties and difficulties which affect our Government centre alone upon the question of admitting or refusing to admit certain States upon their individual conformity to given Congressional enactments. Outside of, and beyond all that bears directly upon restoration, are issues of a far reaching character, involving the maintenance of the national influence, the national credit and the national dignity abroad. It can hardly be wise to put forward strong pretensions to a potential authority in the concerns of other communities, until we show that we have compassed a solution of the difficulties which have so long best ourselves.

What they Say.

The New York *World*, (Democrat) has a long article on elections headed "What of the future?" of which the subjoined is the gist: These unfortunate elections deprive President Johnson of what *ought* to have been the chief glory of his administration: the pacification of the country after the late bloody contest. It is idle to ask whether, by greater promptitude in breaking with the Radicals, he might not have averted this mortification. He must now take the situation as he finds it, and make the best of it. Powerless during the residue of his term, on all contested questions of domestic politics, his only chance of acquiring prestige is in connection with our foreign relations. They are less subject to the control of Congress. The steps he is understood to be taking to resuscitate and maintain the Monroe doctrine, will be warmly approved by the country. It would be futile for him to contend longer with the radicals in respect to the South, and he will best consult the dignity of his office by letting his action cease with his responsibility. Against Congress there was no appeal but to the people; and the passions of the war have not yet sufficiently subsided to permit them to judge with candor. The ratification of the amendment is not a question for him but for the States. He may hereafter stand aloof from that subject without any loss of dignity or of consistency. Against the unconstitutional exclusion of Southern States from Congress it was his duty to remonstrate, but, having appealed to the people in vain, why should he sharpen acrimony by further opposition? The elections, by virtually depriving him of his veto, have relieved him from all responsibility for the action of Congress. While, therefore, he holds fast to his oft-repeated views, he will serve no good purpose by an animated and aggressive presentation of them. A candid co-operation with Congress on neutral questions, and a dignified abstinence from pushing a controversy in which he is powerless, is the course which President Johnson will doubtless think it wise to adopt.

The New York *Times*, (Conservative,) reasons in this wise: From the verdict of Tuesday there is no appeal. The judgment rendered by four States a month ago was held up as one likely to be reversed. The argument has been heard, and nine States have disposed of the points in issue finally, and with no chance of reversal. There is no further room for doubt or equivocation; the country indorses the action of Congress; upholds the Constitutional Amendment as the basis of compromise, and explicitly declares the Democratic party unworthy of its confidence.

Upon the result the New York *Tribune* (Radical,) says: Here then, is the reply of the loyal, and still advancing North to the challenge of the President in syllables as plain as the hand writing on the wall; that one hundred and twenty six radical Congressman are elected out of a whole representation of 162. We recapitulate as follows, showing a fatal policy is weighed in the balance and found wanting. Mr. Johnson committed his political foes to ruin; the North responds with radical majorities in nine teen States. Not an inch of ground has been yielded by the loyal vote, and in view of whatever good work may remain to be done, the North is resolved to maintain its standing army of loyal majorities.

IMMIGRATION.—At the single port of New York the arrivals thus far count up 200,000, with a promise of reaching 250,000 before January. This quarter of a million is, moreover, increased by considerable arrivals at Boston and Philadelphia, and by some at Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, New Orleans and Texas, to say nothing of what comes across the line from Canada. Important as this is in itself, it is made more important from the fact that it is only an indication of what we have reason to believe it will be in the year following.

A forthcoming exhibition of wet nurses is announced in the Paris papers. The points to be considered will be the amount and quality of the milk, the age and temperament of the nurses, the kinds of food used by them, etc. Experiments will be made to demonstaate to what degree malt liquors or spirituous liquors, partaken by the nurse, impregnate the milk; also, whether a passionate and fretful temper of the nurse is conveyed to the nursing child. The exhibition will be a very curious affair.

It is said that agents of the Pennsylvania railroad are in England for the purpose of purchasing steamers to run between Philadelphia and Liverpool.

Speech of Governor Swann.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.—There is universal joy among the conservatives at the complete triumph they have gained at the election, in spite of the efforts of the radical party. One sees nothing but shaking of hands and congratulations on all sides. The radicals are quite crestfallen. As Governor Swann was proceeding along Baltimore street a little after 10 o'clock this morning, a large crowd collected around him, and, with loud cheers, accompanied him to the Exchange. The Governor entered the office of the Internal Revenue Department, and the crowd, which soon filled up the space between the Exchange and the Post Office, clamored loudly for a speech, cheering lustily for the Governor and groaning for Mayor Chapman and Judge Bond. After repeated calls the Governor ascended the staircase amid enthusiastic cheers, and addressed the crowd in the following terms:—

In coming here this morning I did not expect to be followed by so large a crowd of my follow-citizens. For the last two weeks I have been struggling in the interests of peace and of the Constitution to secure the people of Baltimore their just rights. It became my duty, in pursuing the course I had marked out for myself, to remove the Commissioners of Police. (Loud cheers.) I have the right to do so under the Constitution and laws of your State. I stand by that right. I do not mean to secede from the position I have taken. (Cries of "We'll keep you there.") The result of the election has verified all I have said. I have been charged with appointing registrars for the purpose of restoring the right of suffrage to those lately in arms against the State and country. Our opponents have appointed the judges in the election to sit as a board of control, and we have beaten them by our votes at the ballot-box yesterday, with themselves as judges of the election. They have been the registrars, and no gentleman appointed by me had any control. They have endorsed the loyalty of every man who has presented himself. I have been struggling in the interest of peace to keep the military out of your streets, and prevent bloodshed. We have met them in their own house, and beaten them with their own weapons. Now, gentlemen, I will say to you that the city of Baltimore, and the conservatives, who constitute three-fourths of the population, have covered themselves with glory—because they planted themselves on the Constitution and the laws of their State, and have gone through this exciting election without bloodshed and riot. Too much praise cannot be given them. I am proud to recognize that fact, and to give the citizens of Baltimore credit for it. I am proud to receive this ovation at the hands of men who have stood by the Constitution. This contest is won. We have achieved a glorious victory, the news of which is going to the North, to the South, to the East, and to the West—a victory that will prove to the whole country that we have been opposed to the invasion of our State by extremists and revolutionists. We have extracted from the radicals themselves the admission that the Governor of the State has stood by the law. Now, gentlemen, you have done your duty, and are now in the ascendancy. The governmental control is in your hands, and I am sure you will not abuse the power intrusted in you by the people. The State will sustain you. The North, South, East, and West will applaud you, and you will cover yourselves with laurels that can never fade. You have not only been supported by those who once accused you of trampling on the laws of the State, but you have been pronounced loyal by the fiat that has gone forth from their own office. And now, gentlemen, standing by the flag of our country, and by the President, who is struggling against those who would involve the country in another civil war—[loud cheers for Andrew Johnson]—looking on the past, on the complications that have distracted and are convulsing the people of this great country, we are ready to indorse the principle of one of the great statesmen of this country. We will stand by that principle, and, if necessary, fall by it:—"Union and liberty, now and forever." (Tremendous cheering.

NEWS SUMMARY.

A few days ago, a party of lady friends of Mrs. Governor Curtin, presented her with a silver salver fruit stand, valued at $500.

Col. Lynch and Father McMahon, a Catholic Priest, two of the Fenian army, have been tried by the Canadian authorities, and sentenced to be hung.

Two women of Fayette, Indiana, recently dressed up in male attire, and broke into a store, stealing $200 worth of merchandise. One of the women had previously moved in the best circles and borne an irreproachable character.

A young gentleman of the city, describing affairs in the country, writes that "the cows act very badly about being milked; sometimes, when you are almost through, they will kick the milk all over you, and you have to go to work and milk them right over."

The oldest woman in America is Mrs. Forch, who lives in the mountains of East Tennessee, and is aged one hundred and twenty one years.—She is blind, but being quite hearty, walks without assistance. Her memory is unimpaired, and she can recount many events of the Revolution with great accuracy.

For the 16,000 school children in the city of Washington, the city owns but one school house, and that has been built within three years. For other school rooms it hires halls, large rooms, carpenters' shops—any place where benches and desks can be put. Unable to find accommodation for all, it has between 2,000 and 6,000 children continually waiting for their turn to be admitted to the privileges of a common school education.

The Pall Mall Gazette gives a table of statistics, reported by the society for the rescue of young women from lives of crime and shame, showing that out of 538 cases of young girls relieved by its officers, 365 had been seduced before they were sixteen years of age, and 166 before they were twelve years of age.

FROM the statement of the Secretary of the Treasury it appears that during the month of October the national debt was decreased over twenty two millions of dollars, with over one hundred and thirty millions of dollars remaining in the treasury.

☞It is a noticeable feature of the cholera at Chicago that nearly all who died were in the habit of using intoxicating liquors. Where the habits of the person attacked had been strictly temperate, the disease yielded much more readily to medical treatment.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has sold the marine hospital at Charleston, S. C., to the Protestant Episcopal Church South of that city, to be used as an orphans' home and school for the education of freedmen's children. PRESIDENT Johnson has subscribed one thousand dollars to the fund to enable the society to make the purchase. *Forney's Press*

A correspondent of the London *Post* says that from certain rumors which are at present current in London he is forced to conclude that the vice of gambling is once more trying to make its way, and that not in what might be called the professional circles, but "initiated and conducted by those whose high social position appears to suggest to them no shame for their proceedings."

Gov. Brownlow of Tennessee in a late message, says:—The extension of suffrage, with proper qualifications, to all loyal citizens, without regard to color, seems not only as in accord with the prevailing sentiment of the loyal people, but also as the only means of securing the Southern States from the anarchy and misrule that unprincipled rebels would introduce into them.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO ALL PERSONS INTERESTED.

All persons indebted to the undersigned will call immediately and make settlement, as he is about to close business.

Huntingdon, Nov. 14, 1866 M. GUTMAN.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will offer at public sale at his residence in HENDERSON township,

On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1866,

Four head of Work Horses, including 2 with colt, three young milch Cows, 1 bull, 3 yearling calves, 6 head of spring calves, 8 head of sheep, 1 three horse Wagon, with box, ladders, &c., 1 spring wagon, 1 common sled, 1 log sled, hill side and single and double shovel plows, harrows, a good iron cultivator, and numerous other agricultural implements. Also, Fodder and hay, and a large Lot of household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m, when terms will be made known. no15 PHILIP K. HETRICK.

HENRY HARPER,

530 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA,

Has a large stock of FINE

WATCHES,

FINE GOLD JEWELRY,

SOLID SILVER WARE,

and SILVER PLATED WARE,

Suitable for Holiday and Bridal Presents

nov13,1866-2m

500 CANVASSERS WANTED TO SELL

Dr. Jenning's Great Work,

The Horse and Other Live Stock.

The best subscription book in the market, containing over 1200 pages, with more than 200 Illustrations, strongly bound in leather.

It gives a complete description of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine and poultry, with their various diseases and remedies. Good and reliable agents wanted in every neighborhood. For circulars, terms, &c., address

BARTLESON & CO.,
no14-1m 611 Chestnut st., Philada.

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

JEWELERS & SILVER-SMITHS,

822 CHESTNUT ST.,

PHILADELPHIA,

Are opening a very full list of the productions of foreign industry and art, of their own selection in European capitals, including a great variety of articles of use and ornament, in

BRONZE, BRONZE AND GILT, GILT AND CRYSTAL, CUT GLASS, DECORATED LEATHER AND PORCELAIN.

BRIDAL, OPERA & PARTY FANS,

Of every variety and price.

FRENCH MANTEL CLOCKS, VASES, FIGURES and CANDELABRAS.

WATCHES,

In great variety; and all warranted.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY,

A large and very choice selection.

SILVER-WARE,

An increased line of Rich Articles for Bridal Gifts and Table use.

PLATED WARES,

From the best English and American Manufacturers, comprising altogether a collection attractive in beauty, complete in detail, and moderate in price. no14-2m

DR. LEON'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS.

THE PERFECTION OF MEDICAL SCIENCE.

Dr. Leon's Electric Hair Renewer.

It is a positive cure for Baldness.
It restores a Gray Hair to its original color.
It is a Tonic, *not a Dye*, and acts upon the secretions.
It immediately arrests falling out of the hair.
It relieves Neuralgia and Headache,
It radically cures Dandruff and Humors.
It keeps the scalp healthy, clean and cool.
It is an elegant and exquisitely fragrant Hair Dressing
It restores, cultivates and beautifies the hair.
It makes harsh hair flexible and lustrous.

Dr. Leon's Electric Hair Renewer has enjoyed a high local reputation for many years. Its wonderful restorative and invigorating properties are well known to the Medical Faculty of Philadelphia.

Being fully satisfied of the merits of Leon's Electric Hair Renewer we have procured exclusive ownership and are determined that every household in our land shall have opportunity to reap its benefits.

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY.

A most delicious and efficacious cure for the various ills to which Infants and Young Children are subject.

Invaluable for Teething Children!

It softens the gums, abates inflammation, invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and is a sure and speedy cure for Colic, Cramps and Windy Pains.

A most excellent preparation for children of a restless and fretful habit, and in all cases of Looseness, Griping, Vomiting, or other inward grief, it gives immediate ease.

Used for more than half a century in the private practice of one of the most eminent physicians of Philadelphia.

In now placing this article within the reach of all our countrymen, we would remark that we know it to be a Remedy of unrivaled excellence and that it has proved in thousands of cases, as we are resolved it shall in *millions*, a priceless boon.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

SILVER'S WASH POWDER!

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!

Address all orders for any of the above to

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

no14-1y *SOLE PROPRIETORS.*

137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

PLEASE NOTICE.

Ladies' Long Jet Chains,

SENT TO ANY ADDRESS FOR $1.00.

Jet Ear-Rings, Price 50 Cts.

GENTS' VEST CHAINS,

PRICE 50 CENTS.

MANUFACTURED BY

PHILIP HILL,

259 Market St., Philadelphia.

☞All sent by mail. [nov.7,1m.

STRAY CALF.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in the borough of Huntingdon, on Thursday, September 28, 1866, a red and white spotted bull calf. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, *as he will be disposed of* according to law. no7* JOHN ROWLAND.

LUMBER SOLD ON COMMISSION.

S. E HENRY & CO.,

Are receiving all kinds of LUMBER, comprising all the different grades of

BOARDS,
FRAME STUFF,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
PLASTERING LATH,
PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
FENCING,
RAILING, &c., &c., &c.

Which will be sold at prices at the mill, with freight added. no7

HOUSE AND LOT

FOR SALE.

A LOG HOUSE, 1½ stories, a frame blacksmith shop, and four acres o fground, in Jackson township, within two miles of McAlevy's Fort, will be sold at private sale. There is a good orchard of all kinds of fruit, good well of water, stable and other outbuildings on the premises.

Application to be made to SARAH THOMPSON on the premises. oc31-6w

CHOICE STOCK OF GOODS.

If you want to select your goods from a large and well selected stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

GO TO HENRY & CO.

Oct.30,3t.

CARPETS: Ingrain, Rag, Girthing and Hemp Carpets; floor and Table Oil Cloth, door-mats and Rugs at S. E. HENRY & CO.

COTTON CHAIN, Carpet Chain, Cotton Laps, wick Yarn, Tie Yarn, &c., at
nov. S. E. HENRY & CO.

TROPIC COOK STOVES, Gas Burning Parlor Stoves, and all kinds of Hollow ware, at
no7 S. E. HENRY & CO.

WOOL BLANKETS, Coverlids, Army Blankets, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

S. E. HENRY & CO. have the largest stock of Ladies Shawls, Hoods, Sontagnes, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Ladies Coats, Sacks and Circulars

"OPPOSITE THE BUTTONWOOD TREE."

HERTZLER & GUION,

(*Successors to John Hertzler,*)

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES

AND

LIQUORS,

NO. 821 MARKET ST., PHILAD'A.

HARRY HERTZLER. GEO. A. GUION.
oc31 4m MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS FOR SALE.

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,

EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS and IMPORTERS

—OF—

Gold, Plated and Oxeide Jewelry,

SOLID AND NICKEL

SILVER WARE,

American, English and Swiss

WATCHES,

CASED BY OURSELVES, and every description of

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,

Especially adapted and designed for Southern and Western Trade.

Circulars and full descriptive Price Lists sent free.

Agents wanted everywhere. Address

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,
61 DORRANCE STREET,
Oct.31,-3m. Providence, R. I.

NEW STORE

AND

NEW GOODS.

WM. S. ENTRIKEN

WOULD respectfully inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has opened a store at

COFFEE RUN,

On the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad. His stock consists of,

1. LADIES' DRESS GOODS; the most general variety, selected with the greatest care, and to suit the taste of the most fastidious.

2. GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, the very best the market afforded; entire suits of any and every quality desired.

3. GROCERIES. In this department he defies competition. It consists of best Rio Coffee, Java, Imperial, Black and Green Teas, Sugar, several qualities. Molasses, every variety, Salt, Fish and Tobacco, and every article usually kept in our larger stores.

BOOTS, SHOES, DALMORALS, QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

These goods are all fresh from the market; all new and selected with the greatest care.

The public patronage is respectfully solicited. We warrant good measure and honest weight.

Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at the highest market prices. WM. S. ENTRIKEN.
Coffee Run, oc31-3m

SOAPS AND CANDLES.

Washing and Toilet Soaps—the best kinds—for sale at

LEWIS & CO'S FAMILY GROCERY.

CHEESE. CHEESE.

The best always for sale at

LEWIS & CO'S FAMILY GROCERY.

Canned Fruit and Vegetables

Always on hand at *Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.*

EVERY FAMILY

Will find at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

Mince Meat.

Mince Meat, a prime article ready for use, for sale by the pound at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

CHOICE CANDIES

Of all kinds, for sale wholesale and retail at *Lewis & Co's* Family Grocery.

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS

Cut *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO.

WM. LEWIS,

Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS,

Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, Palmer's Plaid, Wool Flannels, &c., &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 14, 1866.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Brief Items.

—Look for the meteors to-morrow morning early. Let those look to the heavens who seldom looked before, and those who have looked only look the more, and perhaps they may see something.

—A man named McElwee, a resident of the lower end of this county, was thrown from his horse a few days ago, near Rough and Ready Furnace, and died almost instantly from the injuries received.

—There is a hopeful popular delusion that there is silver in the new three and five cent coin. Perhaps there is. The doctors tell us that there is iron in the human blood, but we never heard of any fellow creature being successfully worked as an iron mine.

—The total receipts for the Soldiers' Monument in Juniata county amount to $461.95. The papers don't state how long this sum has been coming. By the way, how much has been subscribed to the Soldiers' Monument for this county? Du tell.

—The principal officers of the Pennsylvania Canal have been taking a tour of inspection, and pleasure as well, up that *raging stream* for the last week, in a beautiful, light packet constructed for that purpose. They were here on Friday last. Of course, we didn't learn their intentions, but yet we wouldn't care if the canal would do something for them.

—The market arrangement appears to have failed in Lewistown, as it did in Huntingdon. The *Democrat* says: "We have been doing our best in encouraging farmers to attend the regular market with their light produce, in the hope that it would become a custom, to the convenience of our citizens, and, as we believed, also of the farmers themselves. But, the thing doesn't seem to work. The stalls appropriated to farmers have been entirely vacant of late."

Temperance Convention.

A Convention of Good Templars of the West Juniata District was held in this place on Wednesday and Thursday last, Nov. 6th and 7th. It was the largest and best yet held in the district, there being nineteen lodges represented, of which Huntingdon has 8, Blair 4, Bedford 3, Clearfield 2, Somerset 1. Moshannon Lodge in Centre county was also represented in this district. It was resolved that Cambria be added to the district and that an endeavor be made to establish one or more lodges in that county before the next Convention, which will be held in Altoona, Wednesday and Thursday, the 20th and 21st of February, '67.

On the evening of Tuesday, the first day of the Convention, a public meeting was held in the Court House. The room was crowded to overflowing. Mr. E. H. Uniac, of Boston, delivered a lecture on Temperance, in a very eloquent and instructive manner. Some even expressed the opinion that he is superior to Mr. Gough as a temperance speaker.

A Pass.

R. B. Brown, editor of the Clarion *Democrat*, publishes the following compliments to our bands, in connection with a description of his late, we were going to say, bridal tour:

We must not forget to add that while in Huntingdon, on Saturday evening, the Cornet Band gave us a serenade, for which they have our thanks. This is one of the finest bands in the State, and receive the highest praise wherever heard. The young men composing the band are most estimable gentlemen, as well as fine musicians.

Later in the evening we had the pleasure of a serenade from the Huntingdon String Band. They make sweet music, and we are always happy to meet our old friends of the ancient borough, especially those who discourse such excellent music.

Go and Hear Them.

The Mozart Association, of this place, will give one of their grand entertainments at the Court House Hall to-morrow, Wednesday evening. We have no hesitancy in saying the audience will be delighted with the performance. A friend suggests that this will be a good opportunity for our citizens to reward the members of the String Band for the many feasts of music they have had the pleasure of enjoying. Let everybody go and hear the Mozarts, to-morrow evening.

Death of the Oldest Inhabitant.

—A highly respected citizen of Warriorsmark township, this county, named Christian Vanpool, died last week at the advanced age of one hundred and twelve years. He was the oldest native of the county and perhaps of the State. We would like to be furnished with a sketch of this venerable individual.

Swindlers.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: We learn that well dressed, smooth-tongued scamps are travelling over the country, having with them a model hay and manure loader, with which they are gulling farmers most outrageously. Their mode of operations is to visit the principal farmers, exhibit their model, sell a right to use it, and give an order on a manufacturing establishment, where they pretend to have a contract for the manufacture of the implement, receiving in exchange the farmer's note, which they immediately convert into money, at a discount, and clear out. It is probable that some of the patent-right venders will visit this county, and farmers should exercise due vigilance to detect them.

A Bold Radical.

The editor of the Aughwich *Herald* has been in the west for several weeks leaving his paper in the management of a lady, whereupon the Huntingdon *Journal* grows fearfully bold and *fights the woman* with the ferociousness of a terrier. Oh, you are a valiant "purp," McDivitt! We believe two women couldn't intimidate you. You ought to go to Baltimore. Your warlike form of itself would preserve the peace.—*Juniata Republican.*

Rail Thieves.

Several of these have lately been checked, but under promise not to do so any more they were permitted to go free for the present. If any more rails are removed from the fences of Brown and Lewis on Muddy Run, the jail will have to receive all trespassers. Hogs running at large in the same neighborhood will also receive lawful attention.

☞Persons attending Court will do well by calling at S. E. Henry & Co's., Mammoth Store, and examine their large stock of Fall and Winter Goods, before purchasing elsewhere. Their stock of Goods is the largest ever brought to this county, and are selling at very low prices. All persons desiring comfort, can be made comfortable by calling at the Mammoth Store.

A New School House.

Several gentlemen in town, patrons of Mrs. Sarah Welch's school, have built on a lot in the rear of the Court House, a very handsome and convenient brick building for her school. It is an ornament to the town and will be complete in every particular when finished.

The Mozart Association.

This association, of this place, gave an entertainment at Bloody Run on Friday evening last, which consisted of vocal and instrumental music, burlesques, burlettas, &c. The audience, which filled the room, appeared to appreciate very highly the efforts of the troupe.

☞Beadle's Dime Year Book and Almanac for 1866, contains the following: Calendar, Astronomical Tables, Difference of Time, Almanac for the Year, Postal Rates and Regulations, Postal Money Order System, and List of Money Order Post Offices, How to Detect Counterfeits, Stamp Duties, Our National Securities, Congress of the United States, Salaries of Members of Congress, Legal Interest of States, Popular Names of States, Produce Statistics, Price of Gold during the War, The States—their Settlement, Population, &c., The Territories—their Boundaries, Area, Physical Features, etc., The National Banks, How to secure the Public Lands, The Colleges of the United States, Surveys of the Public Lands, Domestic Produce Prices. (1857—1865,) The Gold Products, Commerce with the British Provinces, The National Debt, U. S. Receipts and Expenditures, Revenue and expenditures of Great Britain, Confederate Money, Cotton Statistics, National Debt and per Capita Taxation, Constitution of the United States, Meetings of Congress, Order of the States, United States Census of 1850, Density of Population, The Slave and Free Population of the Slave States, (1850 and 1860,) The Governments of the world, Religious Miscellany, Decisive Battles of the Old World, &c. Only a dime.—For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

The Illustrated Annual of Phrenology and Physiognomy for 1867,

Just published, Contains—How to Study Phrenology; Names of the faculties; Hindoo Heads and Characters; Fat Folks and Lean Folks; Immortality—Scientific Proofs; Thos. Carlyle, the Author; The Jew—Racial Peculiarities; Civilization and Beauty; The Hottentot; A Bad Head; Forming Societies; Matrimonial Mistakes; Handwriting; How to Conduct Public Meetings; Eliza Cook, the Poetess; Rev. James Martineau, the Preacher; Rev. Dr. Pusey, the Author; Froude, the Historian; Thiers, the French Statesman; John Ruskin, the Art-Writer; Rev. Charles Kingsley, the Author; Bashfulness — Diffidence — Timidity; Cause and Cure; Eminent American Clergymen; The Spiritual and Physical; Large Eyes; Ira Aldridge, the Tragedian; Influence of Marriage on Morals; Society Classified, etc. A capital thing, full of Portraits and many other Illustrations. Price 50 cents. Address Fowler & Wells, 389 Broadway, New York.

☞Robert cannot see far enough to know that his personal abuse of us is also personal abuse of some of his warmest *political* friends.

Peterson's Magazine.

We are in the receipt of this popular Lady's Magazine for December. It is a splendid number. The title page alone is worth the price of the number. For many years "Peterson's Magazine," in consequence of its merit and cheapness, has had a larger circulation than any other monthly in the United States. In 1867 it will be greatly improved: *the reading matter will be increased*, and each number will contain a Double-Size Steel Fashion Plate, elegantly colored, with from four to six figures—making "Peterson" the cheapest in the world. The terms will remain two dollars a year. To clubs it is cheaper still, viz: five copies for $8,00, eight copies for $12,00, or fourteen copies for $20,00. To every person getting up a club (at these rates,) the Publisher will send *an extra copy gratis*. Specimens sent (if written for) to those wishing to get up clubs.

Address, post-paid,
CHARLES S. PETERSON,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

A writer in a Philadelphia paper suggests, considering the present high price of flour, to persons of limited means the use of rye flour. The present price of wheat flour is about $16 per barrel, while rye only commands $9. If, say one-fourth of Indian meal is mixed with it, the bread is much sweeter, and does not become stale so soon. My family use it in preference when both are on the table.

☞Watches, Jewelry and Silverware, of a superior quality, suitable for Holiday and Bridal Presents—adv. in this issue by Henry Harper, 520 Arch st., Philada. Reader, give him a call!

Lost.

On Monday the 7th in the borough of Huntingdon, a braid of hair. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. *

Extra Family Flour.

25 barrels of extra family flour for sale at the lowest cash price, at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

Gold Pens & Pencils,

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

☞For plain, fancy and ornamental printing, call at the "Globe" Office.

MARRIED,

On October 11th, by Rev. M. L. Smith, JOHN H. GARRET, of Derry twp., to Miss REBECCA GILL, of Mill Creek, Huntingdon County.

At the residence of the bride's parents, Nov. 8th, by Rev. S. A. Creveling, Mr. A. S. HARRISON, to Miss ANNIE E. PIPER, both of Shirleysburg, Huntingdon County.

On the 1st inst by Rev. J. A. Price, Mr. LUDEN NORRIS, to Miss ANNA M. YOCUM, both of McConnellstown.

On the 8th inst., by the same, Mr. WM. HOFFMAN, of Petersburg, to Miss MARGARETTA CRAWFORD, of Mt. Etna.

DIED,

On the 8th of October, in hope of a blessed immortality, Miss REBECCA STEELE, aged 59 years, of Shavers Creek, Huntingdon County,

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.
November. 14.

Family Flour	$13.00
Extra Flour	$11.00
Superfine Flour	$8.75
Rye Flour	$8.00
Corn Meal	$4.25
Extra White Wheat	$3.35
Fair and Prime Red	$3.25
Rye	$1.35
Corn, prime Yellow	1.25
Oats	.63
Barley	$1.20
Cloverseed, ₱64 lbs.	$8.25
Timothy	$3.50
Flaxseed	$3.30
Wool	.55
Hides	.13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.
WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₱ bl	$13,50
Extra Flour	$14,00
Family Flour	$14,50
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	$2,00
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt	$3,75
Red Wheat	$3,00
White Wheat	$3,10
Corn	.80
Oats	.60
Barley	.70
Rye	1,00
Buckwheat	.80
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs.	$8,00
Timothy	$4,00
Flaxseed	$2,75
Rye Chop ₱ cwt	$1,00
Bran ₱ cwt	$1,25
Shorts ₱ cwt	$1,50
Mixed Chop	$2,00
Plaster per ton	$10,00
Beeswax ₱ lb	.30
Hops ₱ lb	.40 to 60
Rags ₱ lb	.6
Beans ₱ bus	$2,00
Feathers ₱ lb	.90
Tallow	.10 to 12
Dried Apples ₱ lb	$2,50
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	.18 to 25
Ham	.25 to 30
Sides	.25
Shoulder	.22
Dried Beef	.25
Lard	.20
Butter	.35
Eggs	.22
Country Soap	.10
Hay ₱ ton	$14,00
Rye Straw ₱ bundle	.8
Potatoes ₱ bus	.50
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	$1,20
Wool ₱ lb	.45
Large Onions ₱ bus	$1,25
Corn Brooms ₱ doz	$3,00 to 4,50
Chickens	.20 to 25
Turkeys	.75 to 1,50
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	.10

SPICES.

All kinds of Spices for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery, Huntingdon, Pa.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

HAMS. HAMS.

Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at

Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS!

Leyering's Best and other syrups, New Orleans, Porto Rico and Sugar House Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CANNED PEACHES and Tomatoes Mixed Pickles, Tomatoes Catsup, Pepper sauce, &c., & for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON ARE selling off at greatly reduced prices.

PICKLES BY THE DOZEN,

Ready for the table, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

1866. CLOTHING. 1866.

H. ROMAN.

NEW CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER, JUST RECEIVED AT H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon Oct. 31, '66.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.

M. CUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW *FALL AND WINTER GOODS,* Which he offers to all who want to be CLOTHED, AT PRICE TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for MEN AND BOYS, ALSO, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.

Huntingdon, oc. 31, '66.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS THAT CAN'T BE BEAT IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY. COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,

oc.31 '66.,

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accommodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS, SPICES, SALT, TOBACCO & SEGARS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR, FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE, And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.

Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, oc. 31, 1866

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE
IN HUNTINGDON.

NEW GOODS
FOR FALL AND WINTER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS, DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS, CAPS, TINWARE, LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS, HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, CRACKERS, NOTIONS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, GLASS, NAILS, FISH, SALT, &c., &c.

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, oct. 31, 1866.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES, BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS, WASH AND CANDLE STANDS,

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yenter's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a NEW and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, *Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.*

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.

A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, oct. 31, 1866.

LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers have some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Marklesburg station, which they will sell at low price, from $30 to $100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices.

Grantsville, my16. BOYER & GARNER.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
(Estate of Rebecca Fink, dec'd.)

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Huntingdon County, to hear and determine exceptions to the account of John W. Mattern, Esq., Administrator of Rebecca Fink, deceased, and distribute the balance in the hands of said Administrator, will attend at his office in the borough of Huntingdon on Thursday, the 8th of November 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of hearing said exceptions and making said distribution; when and where all persons indebted are requested to attend and present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

Oct. 17, '66-3t. K. A. LOVELL, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
(Estate of Francis Jackson, dec'd.)

Letters of administration upon the estate of Francis Jackson, deceased, late of West township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

HENRY WILSON, Administrator.

Oct. 1, 1866-6t.

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARR, W. [illegible]

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.

Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.
THOMAS N. COLDER.

The undersigned having now entered into the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that he will be prepared at *all times to fill* orders on the shortest notice.

THOS. N. COLDER.

Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866-tf.

MYATT, OR PURE LINÆUS!
A WINE PLANT!

Is now ready for sale with full directions for cultivating and manufacturing. An acre of good ground first season after planting, will produce from 1000 to 1500 gallons; second season double the quantity can be made—only equaled by the best of grape wine.

W. H. HARPER.

McAlavy's Fort, Hunt. co., Sept. 19-6t.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.

Wonderful Scientific Discovery

For the Treatment of Acute and Chronic Diseases.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the afflicted females of Huntingdon county, and the adjoining counties, that I have taken instruction in the correct application of Electricity, and am now fully prepared to operate successfully for the cure of persons afflicted with the following named diseases, viz:

General Debility,	Neuralgia,
Kidney Complaints,	Nervous Diseases;
Liver "	Female Weakness,
Spinal Affection,	Piles and Gravel,
Costiveness,	Bronchial Affection,
Foul Stomach,	Dyspepsia,
Rheumatism,	Headache,
Diseases of the Womb,	Diabetes,
Suppressed Menses,	Goiter, or Big Neck.

Female patients can receive treatment at my residence for any of the above diseases with the wonderful discovery of Electricity, which is without a parallel, and the very desideratum for the afflicted. Please give us a trial. It is a mild operation, producing no shock or unpleasant sensation, and relieves where medicine has no effect at all.

MARGARET LEWIS,
oct19-3m Newton Hamilton, Mifflin co., Pa.

ATTENTION! SOLDIERS!
COME AND GET YOUR BOUNTY!

I have formed a co-partnership with Col. Fuller, Attorney at Law, Washington, D. C., for the purpose of procuring SOLDIERS' BOUNTY, under the recent act of Congress.

Soldiers' widows or orphans are also entitled to receive this bounty.

Send in your applications at once, as first applied for will be first paid. Give your full name, post office address, and length of time in service, and we will at once return you the necessary blanks. Enclose a stamp to pay return postage.

All other claims, of whatever nature, against the U. S. Government, promptly attended to.

☞No charge until the money is collected.

Office with D. Blair, Esq., near the Broad Top Corner, Huntingdon. BLAIR & FULLER.

B. N. BLAIR, Huntingdon. A. S. FULLER, Washington.
aug8,1866

WM. MENCKE & BROTHER,

NO. 804 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BERLIN ZEPHYRS,

EMBROIDERIES, FINE KNIT GOODS, personally selected in Europe.

DOMESTIC ZEPHYRS,
Germantown WOOLS, Cashmere YARNS, Etc.,
Latest styles in Ladies Dress and Cloak

TRIMMINGS,

Buttons, Drop Fringes, Laces, Shawl Borders, Etc. White embroidered Bands, etc.

The goods being all carefully selected our Wholesale Department offers great inducements to the trade. 804

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
DONNELL & KLINE'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,

The Whitest, the most durable and the most economica Try it! Manufactured only by

ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,
an24-1y No. 137 North Third st., Philada.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 519 PINE street, PHILADA. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country, can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. mh21866-1y

EVERYBODY MUST LIVE!
CALL AT
LEWIS & CO'S. FAMILY GROCERY.

The best of everything will be constantly kept on hand and sold at the lowest prices possible. Quick sales and small profits.

COFFEES, SUGARS AND TEAS.
ALL THE CHOICE KINDS FOR SALE
At Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

The best Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

FISH. FISH.

Best MACKEREL and HERRING for sale retail at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO wholesale and retail, at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Huntingdon will allow a reasonable rate of interest on money left on deposite for three months or longer. sep19-3m O. W. GARRETTSON, Cashier.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE at cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c, at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BLANK BOOKS, OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP, go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

☞Justices' and Constables' Fee Bills for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

UNITED STATES
Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY
HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. H. WOODS,

AUTHORIZED GOVERNM'T AGENT,
And Attorney for Soldiers and their Friends.

He will prosecute and collect, with unrivalled success, Soldiers' Claims and Dues of all kinds. Also, any other kind of Claim against the Government, before any of the Departments.

Glorious New
$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNT
NEW [illegible] LAW PASSED!
[illegible] Discharged Soldiers!

An act approved July 28, 1866, gives $100 bounty to all soldiers who enlisted for three years and were discharged by reason of expiration of service, or who were discharged for wounds received in battle and who have not received more than $100 bounty for such service. An additional bounty of $100 is also allowed to the nearest relative of soldiers, who enlisted for a term of three years and who died or were killed in the service, to be paid in the following order: First, to the widow; second, to the children; third, to the father, and fourth, to the mother.

Soldiers' Widows.

By applying to W. H. Woods, of Huntingdon, Huntingdon county, Pa., you can have your pensions increased two dollars a month for each and every child you have, and when the widow has married or died, the children are entitled to the increase.

To all who have brought home the bodies of their friends who died or were killed in the service of the United States, there is a certain amount of compensation allowed you for the expenses incurred in bringing home the bodies of your friends, which you can obtain by making application to me.

Invalid Soldiers, Attention!

The act of Congress, approved June 6, 1866, gives additional pensions to the following class of persons:

Soldiers who have lost both eyes or both hands, $25 per month; who have lost one hand or one foot, or totally disabled in the same, $15 per month.

Persons who have been deprived of their pensions in consequence of being in the civil service of the United States Government, can be restored to the pension roll by applying to me.

Fathers and mothers who were in whole or in part dependent upon their sons for support are entitled to a pension. Also brothers and sisters under sixteen years of age

All discharged soldiers who did not receive transportation to their places of enlistment when discharged, are entitled to receive it; and also all who were held as prisoners of war, and did not receive commutation of rations when released or discharged, are entitled to it.

Officers who were in the service on the 3d of March, 1855, and were discharged after the 9th of April, 1865, by applying to me can receive three months extra pay.

Soldiers of 1812!

All soldiers, or soldiers' widows, of the war of 1812, who have served two months, or been wounded or disabled in such service, if in necessitous circumstances, are entitled to an annuity of $96.

Local Bounty.

All veteran soldiers who gave their credit to districts in the State of Pennsylvania, and who received no local bounty, are entitled to receive three hundred dollars.

All persons having any of the above mentioned claims, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, will please address me, giving full particulars, enclosing a stamp for return postage, and they will receive a prompt reply.

W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,
aug15,1866 HUNTINGDON, PA.

ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY
OF
Choice GROCERIES
JUST RECEIVED.
Also,
Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.
Also,
Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and
All kinds of Syrups,
such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c
CALL AND SEE.

GEO. SHAEFFER
Has just returned from the east with a
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most
REASONABLE PRICES,
and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. myz

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE, 12 WALL STREET.

Cash Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $270,000.
Total Assets, $1,270,000

This Company insures against all loss or damage by fire, inland navigation, transportation, &c. The cost of insuring in this company is no more than the first cost would be in these small Mutual Companies.

With no Assessments!

This Company is made safe by the State laws of New York, which is not the case with the Pennsylvania Insurance Companies.

J. D. STEELE, President. F. NOTHAM, Secretary
HENRY KIP, Supt. of Agencies.
ANDREW JOHNSTON, Agent,
myl-6m Huntingdon, Penna.

Office formerly occupied by W. H. Woods; Esq., Hill st

FURNITURE!
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE, and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country. J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,

Will do more and better work at a given cost, than any other! Try it! Manufactured only by

ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Wholesale Drug, Paint and Glass Dealers,
jan24-1y No. 137 North THIRD st., PHILADA.

ALBUMS ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS just received and for sale AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!

If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

☞For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa

BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CHOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND
J. W. Bradley's Celebrated Patent Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring,
SKIRT.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to all wearing [illegible] Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be exceeded by [illegible] elegant assemblies, [illegible] ladies will willingly discard their [illegible] figure, arm chairs, [illegible] skirt can be folded [illegible] as easily and conveniently [illegible] than [illegible] quality [illegible] single spring skirt.

[illegible] pleasure, comfort, and great [illegible] duplex elliptic steel spring [illegible] wearers willingly discard their [illegible] figure, arm chairs, [illegible] and young ladies [illegible] others.

[illegible] not break like the single spring but [illegible] when three [illegible] springs, [illegible] From [illegible] springs, [illegible] Fashion Magazine, [illegible] standard skirt of the fashionable world.

To enjoy the flowing [illegible] advantages in crinoline, viz: superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape and finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, enquire for J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, or double spring skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION—To guard against imposition be particular to notice that skirts offered as "Duplex" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs" upon the waist band—none others are genuine. Also notice that every hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other spring.

For sale in all stores where first class skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the sole owners of the patent.

WEST, BRADLEY & CAREY,
op24-3m] 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Sts., N. Y

LUMBER. LUMBER.

LUMBER.

THE undersigned has just received and is now ready to supply the public with

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,

COMPRISING ALL THE DIFFERENT GRADES,
From cullings up to the clear stuff,
From 9 months to 2 years dry!
Also,
PLASTERING LATH,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
BUILDING STUFF AND PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,
DOORS, WINDOW FRAMES, SASHES, &c
at reasonable prices.

Now is the time to buy, before the Spring rush, as Lumber is already advancing, and dry lumber is a scarce article. CHAS. H. ANDERSON.

Huntingdon, Feb. 27, 1866

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
IS NOW
IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,
Bought at this mill.
McCAHAN & SON.

Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

1000 BUSHELS WHEAT
Wanted at Steam Pearl Mill.
my2 McCAHAN & SON.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.
NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW FIRM.

BOYER & CARNER

Would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened a
NEW STORE AT GRANTSVILLE, (Marklesburg station)
Consisting of Groceries of all kinds, Dry Goods, such as prints, muslins, de laines, &c.; Hardware, Queensware, and a large lot of Shoes at reduced prices. Hats, Caps, Tinware, salt, fish, wooden and willow ware, drugs and stationery, which they are prepared to sell at very low prices to those who will favor us with a call.

BOYER & GARNER.
Grantsville, May 16, 1866.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits. Call and examine my stock.*

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1866.

AGENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS
CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY
AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1866.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

JAS. A. BROWN is Agent for the sale of our Nails and Spikes, at Huntingdon, Pa. It is well known that the Duncannon Nails are far superior in quality to any others offered in the Huntingdon market DEALERS, BUILDERS, and consumers generally will be supplied in quantities from one pound to one hundred kegs at manufacturers' prices by sending their orders or calling at his new mammoth Hardware store, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap10] DUNCANNON IRON CO.

MONEY!
ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

RAILROAD ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Foreign and

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &c.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES, SLEDGES, HAMMERS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES, SAWS, AUGERS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, FILES, CHISELS, HINGES, SCREWS, LOCKS, BOLTS, PULLEYS, SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Wheel-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Randall's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, February 27, 1866.

1866. 1866.

NEW METROPOLITAN

—ooo—

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Has removed to the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Where he offers at Wholesale and Retail an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

TEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Having just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a splendid stock, bought since the recent decline in gold, I am now offering great inducements to buyers.

Among my stock may be found

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS.

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR

Carpenters,
Blacksmiths,
Gunsmiths,
Shoemakers,
Saddlers,
Painters,
Coachmakers,
Cabinet Makers,
Machinists,
Foundrymen,
And for all other kinds of Mechanics.

FARMERS

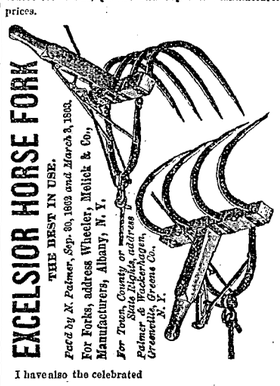
Will find in my stock a great variety of Farming Implements of the best quality, such as

Scythes,
Rakes,
Forks,
Shovels,
Spades,
Hoes,
Garden Trowels,
Garden Hoes,
Garden Rakes,
Grass Hooks,
Pruning Shears, Pruning Saws, Pruning Knives. &c., &c

Every farmer should see the famous

HARPOON HAY FORK!

It is the wonder of the age; and *one trial* convinces the most skeptical that it is the best Hay Fork made.—I have the agency for the sale of these forks for Huntingdon and parts of Bedford and Fulton counties and can fill orders for Forks, pullies and ropes at manufacturers prices.



I have also the celebrated

PALMER HORSE FORKS

Which have given such good satisfaction for the last 3 years, and which I am now selling at greatly reduced prices.

FOR BUILDERS

I have an endless assortment of

LOCKS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
BRADS,
PAINTS,
GLASS,
PUTTY,

VARNISHES, &C.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

Our best mechanics say that the

DUNCANNON NAILS

are the best brought to this market. I have the agency for the sale of these nails and spikes, and

DEALERS, BUILDERS, and others,

can be supplied promptly in quantities from *one pound to one hundred kegs*, at manufacturers' prices.

HARRISBURG STONEWARE,

EARTHENWARE AND HOLLOWWARE,

all sold low for cash.

Cheap

WOODEN PUMPS!

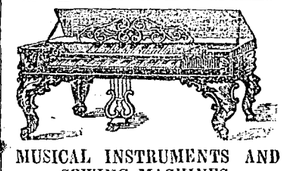
The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing everywhere. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that every man can put in his own pump, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.

Thankful for the patronage I have hitherto received I shall continue my endeavors to suit, accommodate and please all, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of public patronage.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, May 16, 1866.

MUSIC STORE.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one d or west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS and GABRILER Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Flutes, Flutes, Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
se27 Second floor of Brown's Hardware building

BROUGHER'S PATENT EXCELSIOR

BROOM HEAD OR WRAPPER.

PATENTED DECEMBER 25, 1866.

Everybody his own Broom Maker.

This head or Wrapper is constructed of Tin or Zinc, with sliding band and bolts, in connection with the centre bolt passing thro' the handle, holding it secure.

The article to which we call your attention is very simple, light and strong, weighing but Seven Ounces.

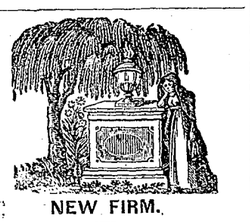
The farming community have long needed an article of this character; and the high price of Brooms, together with the simplicity, durability, and practical utility of this invention makes it more saleable than any other art icle ever introduced.

☞ We offer borough, township, and family rights for sale on reasonable terms, in the county of Huntingdon.

For further particulars, call and see the subscribers, or address THOS. G. STRICKLER & SON,
feb7,1866 Huntingdon, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.
may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.



NEW FIRM.

MARBLE YARD

J. M. GREENE & P. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, as at low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church feb14,1866ly

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin s's., Huntingdon, Pa.
WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1866.

THE BEST

STOCK OF FINE STATIONERY,

FOR

LADIE AND GENTLEMEN,

EVER RECEIVED IN HUNTINGDON

CAN NOW BE HAD

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS

AND

SMALL PORTRAITS

OF

ALL THE DISTINGUISHED OFFICERS AND CIVILIANS,

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

FOR THE GREATEST VARIETY

OF

Handsome and Useful Articles,

Call at LEWIS' Book Store.

PURE SPICES at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES for wagons of all sizes, for sale at the hardware store of [je14,1866] JAS. A. BROWN.

ENVELOPES—By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

WILLOW and CEDAR WARE for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE mh7'66at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community. Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden, on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 23, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER, *DENTIST,*

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1865.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the Franklin House in the old bank building, Hill street, Huntingdon. April 10, 1866.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. J. J. & J. D. FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE,

Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

☞ I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
May 16, 1866-tf.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE—In the brick row, opposite the Court House. may3.1866

MILTON S. LYTLE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,* HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. se1'66

R. McMURTRIE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*

Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

R. MILTON SPEER. E. S. McMURTRIE.

SPEER & McMURTRIE, *ATTORNEYS AT LAW,* HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office the same as formerly occupied by Mr. Speer. Huntingdon, Aug. 1-1m*

J. W. MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.

MATTERN & SIPE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND *LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS,* HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill street.

Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my29-1y

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY, under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as *ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.*

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted. May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SEWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.

THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE, under which name they will hereafter practice as ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.

Office formerly occupied by J. Sowell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb6,1866

BOYER & GARNER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Marklesburg station.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

ANDREW JOHNSTON, agent for the Niagara Insurance Company, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

WM. LEWIS & CO, Family Groceries, Provision and Peed Store, Hunt., Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON, Dealer in all kinds of Lumber, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

THOMAS G. STRICKLER & SON, Manufacturers of Brougher's patent Broom Head or Wrapper, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & P. O. BEAVER, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturers.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars mh7 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

BILL POSTER. The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office. Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Hat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,

For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

MUSIC THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawn—The Jubilee—Hunton's and Bortini's enlarged and improved Instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

$1,500 PER YEAR.—We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Batchelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements* and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine; or Chicago, Ill. de30-1y

THOMAS M. KERR, General Partner. WILLIAM CARR, Special Partner

THOMAS M. KERR,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

NO. 143 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Country produce sold on commission. ap25-1y

S. S. CAMPBELL & CO.,

Manufacturing CONFECTIONERS,

And Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, &C.,

No. 303 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Also manufacturers of all kinds of Molasses Candy and Cocoanut work. se18'66-1y

1866. PHILADELPHIA 1866

WALL PAPERS.

NEW FALL STYLES.

HOWELL & BOURKE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Paper Hangings & Window Shades,

CORNER FOURTH & MARKET STS., PHILADA.

N B—Always in store, a large stock of LINEN AND OIL SHADES. se5-3m

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE, superior to any now in the city.

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

INVENTORS' OFFICES.

D'EPINEUIL & EVANS,

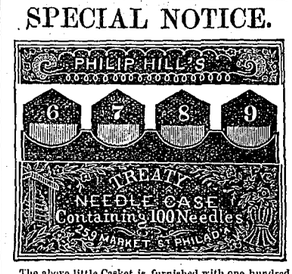
Civil Engineers and Patent Solicitors,

No. 435 Walnut St., Philada.

Patents solicited — Consultations on Engineering, Draughting and Sketches, Models and Machinery of all kinds made and skillfully attended to. Special attention given to REJECTED CASES and INTERFERENCES.—Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent Office procured.

N. B.—Save yourselves useless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with these Offices, can be transacted in writing. For further information direct as above with stamp enclosed, for Circular with references. January17, 1866-1y

SPECIAL NOTICE.



The above little Casket is furnished with one hundred best quality NEEDLES, numbers most needed for lady's use. They are the best manufactured. Every lady should send and procure one of these casket. This little casket is forwarded to any address on receipt of 50 cents by mail. Any one wishing to become agent will please send for sample and circular. Price for sample, 50 cents. I want 1000 agents more.

The Great American Puzzle will be sent to any address on receipt of 20 cents. It contains six numbers.

PHILIP HILL,
au22-6m 259 Market street, Philada.

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE!"

New Fall Styles!

Are in every respect *first class,* and embrace a complete assortment for Ladies, Misses, and Children, of the newest styles, every length and sizes of waist.

Our skirts, wherever known, are more universally popular than any others before the public. They retain their shape better, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and really cheaper, than any other Hoop Skirt in the market. The springs and fastenings are warranted perfect. Every lady should try them! They are now being extensively sold by merchants throughout the country, and at wholesale and retail, at manufactory and sales room

No. 628 Arch St., below 7th, Philada.

Ask for Hopkin's "OWN MAKE"—buy no other!

CAUTION.—None genuine unless stamped on each K Pad—"Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arch St., Philadelphia."

Also, constantly on hand full line of New York made Skirts, at very low prices.

TERMS, NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.
se5-4m

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE PICTORIAL BOOK OF

Anecdotes & Incidents of the Rebellion.

Heroic, Patriotic, Romantic, Humorous and Tragical.

There is a certain portion of the war that will never go into the regular histories, nor be embodied in romance or poetry, which is a very real part of it, and will, if preserved, convey to succeeding generations a better idea of the spirit of the conflict than many dry reports or careful narratives of events, and this part may be called the gossip, the fun, the pathos, of the war.

These illustrate the character of the leaders, the humor of the soldiers, the devotion of women, the bravery of men, the pluck of our heroes, the romance and hardships of the service. From the beginning of the war the author has been engaged in collecting all the anecdotes connected with or illustrative of it, and has grouped and classified them under appropriate heads, and in a very attractive form.

The volume is profusely illustrated with over 300 engravings by the first artists, which are really beautiful; worthy of examination as specimens of the art. Many of them are set into the body of the text, after the popular style of Lossing's Pictorial Field Book of the Revolution. The book's contents include reminiscences of camp, picket, spy, bivouac, siege and battle-field adventures; thrilling feats of bravery, wit, drollery, comical and ludicrous adventures; etc., etc.

Amusement as well as instruction may be found in every page, as graphic detail, brilliant wit, and authentic history, are skillfully interwoven in this work of literary art.

This work sells itself. The people are tired of dry details and partisan works, and want something humorous, romantic and startling. Our agents are making from $100 to $200 per month, clear of all expenses. Send for circulars, giving full particulars, and see our terms and proof of the above assertion.

Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
oc3-4t* 507 Minor st., Philadelphia.

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,
oc3-4m PHILADELPHIA.

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

IVIN'S Patent HAIR CRIMPERS!

For Crimping and Waving Ladies Hair

NO HEAT REQUIRED IN USING THEM!

Ask your storekeepers for them. If he does not keep them, write to the manufacturer E. IVINS, Sixth st. and Columbia avenue, Philadelphia. se26-6m

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH & ARCH STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA,

Have now completed their improvement and are now offering on the best of terms

FULL STOCK OF FALL DRY GOODS.

Fine stock of SHAWLS,
Fine stock of SILKS,
Fine stock of DRESS GOODS,
Fine stock of WOOLENS,
Fine stock of STAPLE GOODS,
Fine stock of FANCY GOODS,

Etc. Now and desirable goods daily received, and sold at small advance wholesale. se26-6t

AGENTS WANTED:

$25.00 BARTLETT'S $25.00

SEWING MACHINES.

Fully Licensed— Exclusive territory given. Pay from $50 to $200 per month. For terms, Illustrated Circulars, &c., address with stamp, either office. PARR BROTHERS, Gen'l Agents,
614 Chestnut St., Phila., Penn.
221 Summit St., Toledo, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

September 19, 1865.

DOBBINS'

ELECTRIC SOAP

SAVES TIME,
SAVES MONEY,
SAVES LABOR,
SAVES CLOTHES,
SAVES WOMEN,

AND ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

It is used by cutting into small shavings and dissolving in hot water, then soak the clothes five to ten minutes, and a little hand rubbing will make them as clean as hours of hard machine rubbing would do, with ordinary soap, and the most delicate fabric receive no injury. We can refer to thousands of families who are using it, and who could not be persuaded to do without

DOBBINS'

ELECTRIC

SOAP,

Sold by all LEADING GROCERS

THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

WHOLESALE OFFICE:

107 SOUTH FIFTH STREET,

Philadelphia.

☞ For sale at LEWIS & CO'S. Family Grocery. Oct. 15, '65-6m.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL,	DAY EXPRESS.	HARRISBURG EXPRESS.	ACCOMMODATION.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. ACCOMMODATION.	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.	PACIFIC EXPRESS.
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
6 08	.....	11 43	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	4 58	8 35
6 15	.....	11 53	.....	Mt. Union,	.....	4 49	8 25
6 25	.....	12 03	.....	Mapleton,	.....	4 36	8 15
6 31	.....	12 16	.....	Mill Creek,	.....	4 25	8 05
6 50	5 10	12 31	5 56	Huntingdon,	5 00	4 10	7 50
7 00	.....	12 41	.....	Petersburg,	.....	3 50	7 30
7 15	.....	1 01	.....	Barree,	.....	3 41	7 21
7 22	.....	1 13	6 23	Spruce Creek,	.....	3 30	7 10
7 35	.....	1 35	.....	Birmingham,	.....	3 15	6 55
7 49	5 57	1 45	6 45	Tyrone,	4 24	3 05	6 46
7 59	.....	2 00	.....	Tipton,	.....	2 53	6 33
8 04	.....	2 08	.....	Fostoria,	.....	2 46	6 26
8 10	.....	2 15	.....	Bell's Mills,	.....	2 39	6 19
8 30	6 23	2 40	7 20	Altoona,	3 55	2 20	6 00
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 35 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 10 56 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 3 30 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 4 54 A. M.

The DAY EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 8 30 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon 9 48 A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 00 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 20 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 35 P. M., and arrives at Altoona 8 50 P. M.

The NEW YORK EXPRESS Westward leaves Huntingdon at 7 38 A. M., and arrives at Altoona 8 50 A. M.

July 30, 1866.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

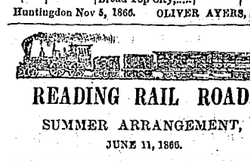
On and after Monday, NOVR 5th, 1866, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS. ACCOMM.	EXPRESS	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS. ACCOMM.	EXPRESS
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
LE 3 15	LE 8 10	Huntingdon,	AR 11 30	AR 5 45
4 35	8 30	McConnellstown,	11 19	5 24
4 43	8 38	Pleasant Grove,	11 11	5 16
5 00	8 54	Marklesburg,	10 55	5 00
5 16	9 10	Coffee Run,	10 39	4 45
5 24	9 18	Rough & Ready,	10 31	4 36
5 36	9 30	Cove,	10 19	4 24
5 40	9 34	Fisher's Summit,	10 15	4 20
AR 5 55	AR 9 49	Saxton,	AR 10 00	LE 4 05
	LE 10 00			AR 3 55
	10 20	Riddlesburg,		3 35
	10 28	Hopewell,		3 27
	10 46	Piper's Run,		3 09
	11 18	Pattsville,		2 47
	11 31	Bloody Run,		2 34
	AR 11 35	Mount Dallas,	LE	LE 2 30

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

	LE 10 05	Saxton,		3 50
	10 20	Coalmont,		3 35
	10 25	Crawford,		3 25
	AR 10 35	Dudley,		3 20
		Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon Nov 5, 1866. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.



READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

JUNE 11, 1866.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 8,10 and 9 05 A. M., and 2 10 and 9,15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R. arriving at New York 6,05 and 10 35 A. M., & 4,10, 5,20, 10 45 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 15 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 10 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 20 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 7 & 9 A. M., 12 Noon, & P. M.; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 30 P. M., stops at all stations: Pottsville at 8,45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 9 00 and 11,20 a m, and 1,05 P M; Tamaqua at 9.45 A M., and 1 and 8.55 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,00 a m.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.00 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 45 a m., 12 05 and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading, Pottsville 8 A. M., Tamaqua 7.30 A. M., Harrisburg 9 05 A. M., and Reading 1.33, 7 30 a. m., for, Harrisburg, 10,52 m., for New York, and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, June 25, 1866. *General Superintendent.*

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